The New Bank of Chicago.

BANK RAPPERS, SPIRITUAL BANKERS, AND FINANGIERING MEDIUMS OF BOTH SEXES—SBEACH OF
THE PEACE, AND ARREST OF THE PARTY.

[From the Chicago Democrat, Feb. 10.]
Yesterday, there was quite an excitement in Clarke
street, in consequence of the arrest of the entire
corps connected with the Bank of Chicago—including the mediums. They were arrested on the complaint of John M. Holmes of an attempt to intimidate him by personal violence. Their names are
John Drysdell. Charles Herrick, Mrs. Herrick, Amhrose Smith, Joseph M. Arnold, Henry Pilgrim, Jr.,
Mrs. Sarah Smith, and Mrs. Ryerson.

They were brought before Judge Rucker. Grant
Goodrich, Esq., appearing for the conservator of Mr.
Eddy, demanded that they should be bound over to
keep the peace towards Mr. Holmes and all good
pitizens.

keep the peace towards Mr. Holmes and all good citizens.

The testimony was as follows:

John M. Holmes, examined by Grant Goodrich, Esq.—Has been in Bank of Chicago; knows the defendants; knows Ira B. Eddy; said Eddy threatened him; had pistol in his hand; did not see the pistol loaded then; saw it loaded afterwards; Arnold was loading the pistol; Drysdell stood by; spoke to Arnold, told him not to put any ball in; A. said it would not do to shoot with unless a ball was in it; it was a six-shooter; several of the defendants were oresent; business of the bank was conducted under the superintendence of George Washington, Alexander Hamilton, &c.; it was necessary to consult them was a six-shooter; several of the defendants were borseent; business of the bank was conducted under the superintendence of George Washington, Alexander Hamilton, &c.; it was necessary to consult them when anything was to be done. Accordingly, by command of the spirits, Mr. Eddy demanded the keys of Mr. Holmes; was directed by the conservitor of the property not to give up the keys; the object of the pistol was for Eddy to defend himself with, should any person attempt to obtain possession of the bank, and in this he was backed by the defendants; Mr. Eddy was altogether under the influence of the mediums, did everything by their direction, even to the smallest particular; last evening communications were received from the spirits. Mr. Drysdell then said Eddy was acting under the influence of Alexander Hamilton, and told him to defend the bank; Eddy said he should defend his position—the position was to resist the officers of the law, who were about to take possession in the name of the conservator of the property; was not afraid to be left in charge of the bank while Eddy was there, and only partially while the mediums were there; Eddy told him he was a traitor, and the mediums told him to leave the bank; there had been a disturbance at the bank; in the past few days large crowds had been assembled, sometimes extending across the street to the post office; the spirits directed that no bills should be redeemed, and for whom not; if they had segars, Mrs. H. would tell them they were filthy creatures; in one instances she pulled a segar from a young gentleman's mouth; she used coarse language in many instances; Mrs. H. would tell who were honest, and who were not and Mr. Eddy would act under her direction; had be not at the bank but once to-day.

Mr. Drysdell cross-examined the witness; asking him if he wrote a certain communication from the softs; (not permitted;) when witness saw Arnold ing the pistol he wes sitting on the settee; Dryssaid 'twas right to kill a person.

S. Herrick cross-examined the witness; wit

the Court:—The persons present were in the doyment of Mr. Eddy; some were employed as keepers, some to keep the peace. Mrs. Herrick engaged sometimes at the bank counter and netimes in receiving communications from the rits; Mrs. Ryerson has not been engaged in the lak in the day time; Mr. Herrick and Mr. Smith we door keepers; Mr. Drysdell was emplowed in the bank, in what position he does not know; Mr. Pigrim was employed by Eddy to defend the bank. Mr. Egbert Haight examined—Saw Mr. Eddy and Mr. Pilgrim at Mr. Dominick's; Mr. Eddy asked for a six-shooter; Pilgrim remarked that Allen's pistols were the best for quick work; could fire them quicker than Colt's; the pistol was loaned to Mr. Eddy. Mr. Jos. M. Arnold came in afterwards and purchased powder; saw the pistol since, and drew the charges; was loaded with six bullets and powder. Mr. James R. Hugunin examined—Was in the Bank of Chicago this morning to have three dollars redeemed; went in afterwards with more bills; a woman, Mrs. Herrick, sitting at the counter, refused to redeemed; was treated politely, and bills were redeemed; went in afterwards with more bills; a woman, Mrs. Herrick, sitting at the counter, refused to redeem; Mr. Eddy also refused; some one behind the counter said he had better leave the bank, as he interfered with business; Herrick stepped up and said he had better leave the bank; he turned to go, and Herrick was standing there, and told him to go mut the back door, and collaring him, pushed him hat way; a man, whom he does not know, took him sy the arm and led him out the back door; thinks it ms mr. Eddy ordered them to put him out the back door.

Mrs. Elizabeth Burton, sister of Mr. Eddy, examine and the first man whom he does not know, took him sy the arm and led him out the back door; thinks it

mined—Has been in the Bank; Mrs. Herirck has an influence over her brother; he gets communications strough her; thinks Mrs. H. was the person influenced him to get the pistol; heard her saying he must get one; thinks she told him where to put the money he got to-day; Mr. Eddy got into a room up stairs by a window; Drysdell was with him; they got down from this room into the safe and got the money; it was given to Pilgrim; there was a considerable amount of gold, silver and bills: Pilgrim took it out the back door; witness followed him two streets; he went towards Randolph street bridge; heard the mediums (the defendants,) say that Mr. Eddy had been declared insane, but that God would defend them; Mrs. Herrick saw the pistol. Cyrus P. Bradley, Sheriff of Cook county, sworn—Found some money in a house on the west side of the river; Mr. Pilgrim showed him the place where the money was; Pilgrim said Eddy gave him the money to save it for him; he asked all the defendants if they had any keys or other property belonging to the bank; they all said no except Pilgrim, who said he

had any keys or other property belonging to the bank: they all said no except Pilgrim, who said he had a key belonging to Harmony Hall, and that

was all.

Mr. Holmes re-called.—Mr. Eddy owned the principal interest in the bank; he had in the bank \$4,000 or \$5,900; there was other money in the bank; \$1,100 of Paine's, and some \$3,000 on deposite.

Mr. Goodrich then read the commission of lunacy, by which Devotion C. Eddy was appointed conservator of the estate of Ira B. Eddy.

D. C. Eddy, examined, conservator of his brother's estate—The [defendants knew he was, such; notified Mr. Holmes, book-keeper, that he was conservator. Grant Goodrich, Esq., moved that the defendants, except Mrs. Ryerson, be bound over. He urged his motion in an able speech, in which he spoke of the bad

motion in an able speech, in which he spoke of the bad influence of their spiritual manifestations; that they should be stopped if possible; that all that could be done, should be, and that the high priestess especi-ally, should be deprived of her influence over her done, should be, and that the high priestess especially, should be deprived of her influence over her victims. (At this part of the specich Mrs. Herrick exhibited symptoms of the spiritual influence, and made several demonstrations towards influence, and made several demonstrations are moved from the special done, and she was removed from the room after an attempt at resistance, by heriff Bradley and Deputy Sheriff Dexter.) The counsel showed how the defendants counciled and aided Mr. Eddy to deeds of violence; and some of them were old hands at this kind of tork; they knew which pistol was best to kill with, and they advised him to purchase that one. Had the Eddy been a sane man, he would have been guilty of a crime in the eyes of the law, had he followed—at the counsels of these people. Mr. G. went on to prove that the defendant's were aware of the commission of lunacy, and acted in direct opposition to it in all their illegal and violent proceedings. He dweit on the fact of the evidence of their cunning and duplicity, in advising Mr. Eddy that if he killed any person he could not be held accountable, as he had been declared insane by law. He enforced his points in a lengthy speech, which, of course, we are numble to give. He excluded Mr. and Mrs. Smith, and Mrs. Ryerson, from participation in the proceedings of the other defendants. and Mrs. Ryerson, from participation in the pro-ceedings of the other defendants.

Mr. Drysdell wished to address the court; claimed to be a communist; said Mr. Paine was of his mind; and was going into a personal history of himself and his opinions, when he was stopped by the Court, who wished to confine him to the point at issue. He desired to exculpate himself and brother mediums from dishquest motives.

The Court summed up, taking up all the points in the case, and expressing his positions in a clear and coneise manner. He discharged Mrs. Ryerson and Mr. and Mrs. Smith, but bound over all the others, except Mrs. Herrick, to appear before the Cook County Court of Common Pleus, on the charge of inciting to a breach of the peace, in the sum of \$500 as Mrs. Herrick was retained in custody to have bearing to day.

hearing to-day.

The Democrat of the 11th inst. says that Mrs. Herk, who was connected with the Spiritual Bank, as shier and principal medium, was brought up again from Judge Rucker yesterday morning. She apared very quiet, and inclined to pentence. The uninement in the jail had evidently produced a farable change from her deportment of yesterday, e judge bound her over in the sum of \$200, in defact of which she was re-committed.

here are some few of the bills of this bank yet and we have had several inquiries as to whether institution will redeem. We have made inquiried and find the business is now in the hands of the evator, who is doing all that can possibly be to arrange its affairs. We would consequently the holders of the bills not to sacrifice them, all probability they will be redeemed; at least,
assured that all the means at the disposal of
trustee of the property will be rigidly applied

its debts.
on the Sheriff proceeded to arrest Seth Paine, to the Sherill proceeded to arrest Seth Paine,
to found him engaged in writing an article for
at Christian Banker. He showed Mr. P. his
to fake his body. Seth made a novel and
aristic registance. He proceeded, as fast as
to reduce himself to the condition of our

first parents, before they sewed the the fig leaves for aprons, and had actually commenced vigorous operations upon his nether integuments, when Sheriff Bradley seized him and put a stop to further proceedings in that direction. Paine evidently thought if he could only reduce himself to a state of nature, the Sheriff would not have the audacity to take him through the public streets. Having refused to walk to the jail, it was found necessary to carry him bodily, which was very quietly done.

TELEGRAPHIC.

Chicago, Feb. 15, 1853.
A number of persons connected with "spiritual" circles have been indicted for riot, growing out of the excitement at Paine's Bunk. Mr. Paine continues in a raving condition.

Theatrical and Masical.

Bowert Theatre.—The grand equestrian spectacle called "Ivanhoe." which has been produced at this theatre in splendid style, and which is drawing very large audiences every night, will commence the entertaliments.

Mr. E. Eddy as Isaac the Je-, Mr. Stevens as the Unknown Knight, and Mrs. Grattan as Rebecca. Miss Hiffert will sing a favorite ballad, and Miss Dawes and Mr. Hetcher will dance a Polka. The dramn entitled the "Mechanic and Queen" will conclude the entertainments. The Bowery is ably managed by Mr. Waldron and Mr. Stevens, and consequently is in a very successful career.

BROADWAY THEATRE.—The new comedy called "St. Cupid.," which has been so triumphantly successful on its first and second representations, will again be presented to night. Conway, a very able comedian, takes the character of Valentine May, and in his hands it will receive every attention which an accomplished actor can give to it, in order to a truthful representation. Miss Flapatrick, a charming actress, will sustain the part of Dorothy, Whiting as Doctor Bud, and Davidge as Queen Bee. The French and Spanish dancers will display their terpsichorean abilities, and all will close with "Shocking Events."

Ninco's Garrier.—Donizetti's beautiful opera of "Lucis did languagement", which has each a language of the language of

Events."

Nime's Garden.—Donizetti's beautiful opera of "Lucia di Lammermoor," which drew such a large and fashionable audience on Monday evening, and which was received, throughout, with the greatest enthusiasm, will again be prevented to night. Mad. Sontay's Lucia is a masterpiece of acting and vocalization; in each act she was greeted with the warmest demonstrations of pleasure. She will be assisted by Signor Fadiall, whose deep and melodious voice is admired by every one. No doubt the theatre will be crowded this evening.

BURTON'S THEATRE.—This establishment continues in a

BURTON'S THEATRE -This establishment continues in a

BURTON'S THEATRE.—This establishment continues in a career of great success. Douglas Jerrold's new comedy of "St. Cupid" will commence the entertainments; Messrs. Fisher, Burton. Johnston, and Mrs. Skerrett in the leading characters. Several beautiful overtures, and other musical gems, will be played by the orchestra. The entertainments will conclude with the favorite drama of "Paris and London," which embraces in its cast all the most eminent artists attached to this theatre.

NATIONAL THEATRE.—The manager of this prosperous establishment is as active as ever in producing novelties for his partons, and he is well repaid by the presence of large audiences. Scarcely a week passes without the introduction of some new drama. To night the excellent mutical drama of "Gale Breezely" will o mmence the entertainments and the new drama by Mr. Clarke, called "O'Neal the Great," which is produced in excellent style, will conclude the amusements. All the leading artists appear.—Mr. Jones and Mr. Clarke filling the leading parts.

Wallack's Theater.—A fine bill of entertainment is

pear—Mr. Jones and Mr. Clarke filling the leading parts.

WALLACK'S THEATER—A fine bill of entertainment is presented for this evening by Manager Wallack, whose excellent selections are crowding his theatre every evening with the most fashionable audiences. The splendid comedy of "Money" will commence the amusements—Messrs. Lester, Walcott, Brougham, Reynolds, Mason, Miss Laura Keene and Mrs. Brougham in the principal parts. The orchestra will play several musical gents, Miss Malvina will dance, and all will terminate with the farce of "High life Below Stairs."

American Museum.—This establishment is doing an excellent business. The performances in the saloon, under the management of Mr. C. W. Cambe, are admirably done. In the afternoon of to-day "The Old Folks at Home," and it will be repeated in the evening.

CRCUS.—Performances will be given at the Amphi-

Chrus.—Performances will be given at the Amphi-theatre this afternoon and evening, and great attractions will be brought forward at each entertainment. The spectacle of "St. George and the Dragon" is the feature here the present week, and is drawing well. Christy's Ofera House.—This establishment is crowded

CHESTY'S OPERA HOUSE.—This establishment is crowded nightly, and the entertainments afford, as usual, the most unmixed pleasure and delight.

Wood's Minstreis are a fine band, and are deservedly gaining in popular favor. Horn is the greatest darkey of the age.

Bannard's Holy Land is admired by every one who goes to Georama Hall. It is a beautiful painting.

RISLEY'S TRAMS is drawing large audiences. It is a work of great artistic merit, and should be seen by the admirers of beautiful paintings.

ROBERT HELLER, the great magician, announces a varied pragramme for this evening. It contains most of his best feats.

METROPOLITAN HALL.—On Saturday evening Professor Morton will give an entertainment of "Nitrous Oxide, or Laughing Gas." The gas is said to be perfectly harm-less, and can be breathed without the slightest injury, GEORGE SWEET, the celebrated tight rope dancer, re-ceives a complimentary bossest as the Bowery Amphi-chestre, on Thursday evening next, when a rich and va-ised bill of entertainment will be presented. It is hoped his friends will rally, and give him a bumper.

ried bill of entertainment will be presented. It is hoped his friends will rally, and give him a bumper.

Madame Sontao's Concert in Frillandamia.—The Philadelphia Pomenylomian says:—We had the pleasure of attending the opening concert, at Watson's beautiful Concert hall, on Saturday evening last. The artists engaged to perform on this occasion, acquitted themselves in their usual admirable manner. Sontag sang in her sweetest manner, drawing out from the admiring audience the most rapturous applause, more particularly when she sang the enchanting little song. "Within a mile of Edinburgh town," which was the bright gem of the evening. The little prodigy, Paul Julien, pleased every body; the sweet notes which he drew out from the violin, elicited universal approbation. Signor Rocco, Sadiali, Gasparoni, Arneldi, and the orchestra, under the direction of Carl Eckert, were all that could be expected. As it regards the Hall, we must confess that we were somewhat disappoinfed. In finish, ventilation and comfort, it is all that can be desired, but in point of size and sound, it is inferior to the Musical Fund Hall. We were led to believe it would hold 2,500 persons, but we think it will not hold more than 1,600. It is, however, a beautiful, commodious room and much needed in the part of the city where it is located. If the concert on Saturday evening, is an earnest of the future, the concerts held at this place, if properly gotten up, will be well patronized.

Mrs. Catherine N. Sinclair has concluded her engagement at Albany. and was too start immediately for

Mrs. Catherine N. Sinchair has concluded her engage ment at Albany, and was to start immediately for Buffalo. At the close of the play, on the last night of Mrs. S. at the Albany Museum, she was enthusissted called for, and being led before the curtain by Mr. Canoll walls the Collowine. called for, and being led before the curtain by Mr. Canolf, made the following neat and appropriate speech, which was received with prolonged applanse—'I adies and Gentleme—In obeying your kind summons this evening. I cannot refrain from expressing my gratitude for the diattering reception you have given me—my first professional visit to this, the capital of the Sate, of which I claim the honor to be an adopted citizen. Let me likewise, thank you for the kindness and approbation you have bestowed upon my humble efforts in my new vocalion. I have adopted, not from vanity, nor for a desire for notoriety, as some have asserted, but from the necessity I have been under, for the past year, of laboring to earn for myself and younger sister our fails bread. I can scarcely say, then, how valuable to me is the support and approval of the public. But, if mremitting exertions can obtain for me a continuance of our taxer, no efforts shall be wanting on my part to coure it."

DEATH or MRS Howash .- It was reported in St. Louis, at city from Values at city from on the 5th instant, that a dispatch had been received in that city from New Orleans, announcing the death of this talented actress (better known to our citizens as Miss Rosina Shaw, formerly of the Bowery theatre). A statement that Mrs. Howard was in precarious health appeared in a New Orleans paper of a late date. It is highly probable, therefore, that the report in question is correct.

orrect.

Mr. George H. Barrett, who lately took upon himself be stage management of the Charleston theatre, has hus far been highly successful.

A benefit concert was advertised to be given to the oung violinist, Camille Urso, at Boston, on the 12th inst.

Mr. Neafe received a benefit at the Charleston theatre Madame Albori had a benefit at the Howard Atheneum.

on, on the 11th inst., and presented on the occasion opera of "The Child of the Regiment."

the opera of "The Child of the Regiment."

Mr. John R. Scott, the tragedian, who has been playing some time at the Arch street theatre, Philadelphia, received a beneat on the 11th inst.

The Chinese jugglers are drawing full houses at the Walnut street theatre. Philadelphia. It is said they will shortly leave for Europe.

Miss Julia lean meets a great deal of favor with the citizens of Mobile, who have honored her, during squite.

tizens of Mobile, who have honored her, during quite ing engagement, with well filled houses. Mr. J. Browne, the comedian, is at present lying

quite ill.

Mrs. N. McCready, who has been lately spoken of as about to present her claims for histronic fame, rade her debut, at the Walnut street theatre. Fhiladelphia, on the 13th inst., in the character of Julia, in Knowless play of the "Hunchback."

lay of the "Hunchback."

The Opera troupe in New Orleans are drawing brilliant touses, with Madame Wideman as prime dome.

Mr. and Mrs. Cooner have lately been receiving high estimonials at the Troy Museum. Mr. Germon is perceiving at the same establishment.

Mr. Coombs, the new tragedian, is still giving Shaks-earean readings in the West, and is very favorably

poken of.

Mr. and Miss Nickinson closed their engagement at tochester on the 5th inst., with a very satisfactory enfit for the lady.

Madame Anna Thillon is gaining new laurels in New brieans, in her opera of the "Crown Diamonds."

Orleans, in her opera of the "Crown Diamonds."

Mra. Mowatt had a very enthusiastle house for a benefit at Richmond, Va., on the 8th inst.

Mrs. Bostwick was to have gone from St. Louis, to fulfil an engagement at Memphis. Term.

The Misses Susan and Kate Denin are playing at the Chesnut street theatre. Philadelphia.

Messrs. Cony and Taylor, and their trained dogs, are at the Howard Atheneum, Boston.

The Ravel Family, at last accounts, were drawing large houses at Havana. Whitbeck's circus, and the Scotch giant. McCashil, were also at Havana.

The theatre at Milwankie, whith was recently destroy.

The theatre at Milwaukie, which was recently destroyed by fire, is speedily to be robuilt.

Mr. J. E. Murdoch, the tragedian, and Mrs. Bowers, are playing at the Washington theatre. FRANCON'S HIPPODBOME.—The preparations for this establishment are going on with great activity, and by the first of March from 150 to 200 men will be at work on the building, which is to be a substantial brick structure, enclosing an area of about two acres, not far from Madison square. The following items will give an idea of the amount of capital to be invested in this enterpring. The establishment are going on with great activity, works the ensuing season. The Catawissa, Williamsport and Eric Railroad Company will offer for sale, at auction, in the Merchants Exchange, on Wednesday (to-morrow), February 16th, at 12½ o'clock, eight hundred thousand the invested in this enterpring.

of the building is \$40,000; the ground rent for the year is \$30,000; a single chariot, now in process of manufacture, and which will, doubtless, be the most splendid car of modern times, will cost no less than \$20,000; other chariots, and the wardrobe and trappings, all of which will be on a scale of unsurpassed elegance, will nvolve an expenditure of \$10,000; and the wardrobe and trappings are the torse purpose and the part down at pings, all of which will be on a scale of unsurpassed elegance, will involve an expenditure of \$10,000; and the value of the horses may be put down at \$32,000. When it is recollected that some of the highly trained dancing and racehorses are considered worth from one thousand to two thousand dollars each, and that over one hundred will be included in the stud, the latter estimate will not be thought extravagant. Add to this the cost of ostriches, dromedaries, deer, &c., with their transportation to this country, as well as the expense of bringing across the Atlantic a large number of the horses, and the troupe of performers, and the total outlay cannot fall much short of \$200,000. In addition to all this, the estimated amount of the salaries, there being from sixty to eighty performers—a large portion of whom will be in the receipt of enormous terms—together with printing, and all incidental expenses, is \$1,000 per day; thus, it will be seen, that something of no ordinary magnitude is to be expected. It should also be recollected that the Hippodrome is only intended as a temporary affair for the coming season, so that it will require an immense amount of patronage to remunerate the proprietors in that brief space of time. Pranconi and his troupe will arrive early in April, and it is intended to open the establishment at the same time with the Crystal Palace, compared with which it can searcely be second in point of attraction.

Coroner's Inquests.

Faral Accient at Blackwell's Island.—A woman med Anne Richards, fell from the fourth corridor of the penitentiary, on Sunday afternoon, and was killed. She was subject to epilepsy, and it was supposed by the Coroner's jury that she had a lit previous to falling. Deceased was a native of Wales.

A colored woman, named Mary Stevenson, died suddenly, at No. 532 Pearl street, on Sunday morning. Coroner Wilhelm held an inquest on Monday, when it appeared that she died from dropey of the pericardium, produced by intemperance.

An inquest was held on Monday upon the body of a dead child, which was found by the police, is a segar box, on the stoop of the house No. 45 Oliver street. The unnatural parent was not discovered.

Coroner Ball held an inquest on Monday morning, upon the body of Thomas It. Pitman, who died suddenly at his boarding house, 536 Fulton street, on Sunday affernoon, from an affection of the heart. A verdict in accordance was rendered. His father, a minister of the Methodist persuasion, resides at Trenton, N. J. Mr. P. was formerly connected with one of the Brooklyn papers as a reporter.

DEATH FROM INJURIES EXERTED IN AN AFFRAY.—Mr. English, keeper of the Livingston House, in Atlantic street, died on Sunday, as alleged from injuries sustained in an affray some ten days since. It seems that three young men entered his bar room, and commenced abusing an old man named Churchill, sitting there at the time. Mr. English interfered in favor of the old man, when the others fell foul of him, and one of them struck him on the head with a came, fracturing his scull. Mr. English has been delirious most of the time since the assault, and on Sunday night he expired. The Coroner has been notified, and an investigation will be entered into.

## FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

MONEY MARKET.

TUESDAY, Feb 15-6 P. M There was a further depression in the stock maret this morning. At the first board nearly every fancy in the list declined, and some of the good stocks slightly depreciated. Cumberland Coal fell off | per cent; New Creek, | Nicaragua Transit, | ; Potomac Copper. 2: Erie Railroad, 2: Hudson Railroad, 2: Harlem, 2: Norwich and Worcester, 2: Brunswick, 4; Michigan Central Railroad, 4; New Jersey Zinc. 1: Pennsylvania Coal, 1: Morris Canal, i; Erie Bonds, 1862, 4. Parker Vein advanced 1 per cent. Phoenix Coal closed at an improvement of 14 per cent from the opening. The market, as a whole, looks weak, and the disposition to purchase for a rise is daily becoming weaker. Shrewd, cautious operators, are afraid of the ides of March. Many have reason to remember them, and there is a sort of superstitious feeling in regard to that period of the year. The tendency of this is to restrict transactions, and to bring about a concentration of resources. There are decided indications of a great and sudden increase in the exportation of specie. The recent stiffening in the market for foreign exchange, the immense weekly importations of foreign manufactures, their excess in value, compared with the corresponding period last year, all point to a more active drain of precious metals from the vaults of our banks. The movements recently made in the financial circles of England and the Continent, the advance in the rate of interest by the Bank of England—the immense shipments of bullion from London to Australia, St. Petersburg, and other places the reduction of bullion in the bank, and the disposition manifested by English capitalists generally to place severe restrictions upon speculation-all point to more stringent times in the money markets of the world, and a more healthy state of things in financial affairs generally. The effect of more caution among financiers and speculators would be to con-tract prices for all kinds of property; and it must be admitted by all that it is certainly time to prevent the inflation exceeding present limits. It is true that property generally is not so enormously expanded in market value as in times past, but some kinds of property have reached points which threaten has really reach dangerous position, so far as prices are concerned. in the market. There must be a tumble soon, if something is not done to arrest the speculative movements now going on. In merchandise generally a more moderate state of things exists. There is no speculation of importance in any of the leading staple articles of trade, and no movement out of the regular routine. In stocks, speculation has been quite active, but it has been confined to a certain class of stocks of recent date, of uncertain value, present and prospective, and prices have become unwarrantably inflated. There is now a full in the market, and the probability is that the securities referred to will gradually, but ultimately, settle down to their proper level. The only thing we have to fear much at present, is the result of the real estate mania of the day. Any sudden collapse in that—any sudden break down in prices-would have a very unfavorable effect upon the entire community, as it would spread the seeds of doubt and distrust broadcast throughout the country. Speculations in real estate in 1835 and 1836, were

the direct cause of the convulsion or revulsion in 837, and all the evils which followed that explosion. At the second board the market continued depressed. Two new stocks-the Llangolan Mining Company and the North Carolina Coal Companywere presented for public favor and a small lot of each was sold. Both are bituminous coal stocks. Parker Vein advanced 24 per cent : Nicaragua Transit, J. Sixth Avenue Railroad declined 2 per cent; Morris Canal, 1; Reading Railroad, 1; Erie Bonds, 1871, 4; Erie Railroad, 4. A small sale of Potemac copper was made at 3½, being a decline of

per cent from the highest price. Books for subscriptions to the capital stock of the Australian Steamship Company, will be opened on Thursday, the 17th inst., at 10 o'clock, at the Bankng House of Messra, Duncan, Sherman & Co., Wilam street. This company is incorporated under the General Steam Ship Company law, with a capital of \$300,000, with liberty to increase to the amount

allowed by law, say \$4,000,000. The importations into this port to-day, February

The importations into this port to-day, February 15, have been as follows:—

Bark—1,250 bares plaintain b rk. Butter—4 casks, 50 fixins. Beer—119 casks. toal—641 tons. Drugz—50 casks blearbonate soda; 150 casks, 102 tierces soda ash; 150 bbls. flour sulphur. Bry Goeds—618 packagas per Princeton; 384 per E. C. Scranton; 346 per Mercury; 418 per West Poins. Honey—18 hhds., 129 tierces; 23 bbls. Hemp—3,050 bales. Iron—2,328 bars railcoadirec, 39,565 bars, 586 bundles sheet; 2,531 do., 586 do., 267 plates. Metal—50 cases copper. Oil—34 casks linesed, 19 casks olive. Paint—60 casks. Rags—56 bales. Steel—339 cases, 168 bundles. Salt—4,74 sacks. Starch—155 sacks. Segars—46 cases. Sogars—252 hds., 1,022 bags. Tin—7,036 boxes tin plate. Wood—289 logs mahogany; 7 do. cedar. Wool—24 bales.

The Hazleton Coal Company have declared a divi-

dend of three dollars per share.

The Assistant Treasurer to-day received \$148,006 15, and paid out \$4,541 56, leaving a balance on hand of \$4,531,006 15. Counterfeit three cent pieces are in circulation.

They are so clumsily executed that they can be casily detected.

The Canal Commissioners of Pennsylvania have directed savigation on the canals to commence on the 1st of March. It is anticipated that an immense

amount of public business will be done on the public works the ensuing season.

The Catawissa, Williamsport and Eric Railroad ble in 1867, and interest payable semi-annually, at the Bank of North America, in the city of New York. The bonds are secured by a first and only mortgage on the entire property of the company, held by Isaac Seymour and Elias Fassett, as trustees for the bondholders. The security is undoubted. The annexed statement exhibits the estimated expenditures of the

This road extends from what is called the base of the Broad Mountain, where it connects with the Little Schuylkill, to Williamsport—a distance of eighty miles—with a branch from Tamanend, near the Little Schuylkill connection, to the Beaver Meadow Railroad-a distance of thirteen miles-with the right to construct branches to coal mines on either side of the line, not exceeding five miles in length. At Williamsport this road has two very valuable connections—one with the Williamsport and Elmira road, now under contract, uniting it with the New York and Erie road, and all its chain of Northern and Western connections; and the other with the Sunbury and Eric road, making it an important link n a new and shortest great trunk line between the West and tidewater. It is believed that the connection of this road with Elmira, by the Williamsport and Elmira Railroad, will add very largely to its traffic. By this route from Niagara Falls to Philadelphia is but 414 miles, whereas, by Albany and New York it is 558, saving 144 miles of travel by this route. From Elmira, by the New York and Erie Railroad, the distance to New York is 274

the New York and Erie.

A glance at the map will show that this route is the shortest between Lake Erie and New York, and

miles, add to this the distance to Philadelphia,

ninety miles, makes 364 from Elmira to Philadelphia.

whereas, by this route, it will be but 255, saving 109

miles, and bringing Elmira nineteen miles nearer Philadelphia, by this route, than via New York by

the Buffalo and Albany route, and more so than by the Erie road. There seems to be no good reason that a fair proportion of the through traffic should not seek this avenue between the West and the Atlantic. The road is a link in a very important chain connecting the West with the East, intermediate between the Erie and the Pennsylvania Central, and running through a rich country, at present without railroad facilities. To the western end of this chain Philadelphia has just voted a subscription of two millions of dollars, which secures its completion, and gives the Catawissa and Williamsport road a connection with Erie, on Lake Erie, and thus with the entire network of roads covering Ohio, Illinois and Indiana. At the eastern end, the Little Schuvlkill and Reading roads give the Catawissa and Williamsport a connec-tion with Philadelphia, and the Lehigh Valley and New Jersey Central roads, via Easton, a connec-

tion with New York
It is claimed for this line that it will have the advantage over any of the present lines in distance, and over most, if not all of them, in grades—that it has the advantage of the best harbor on the south shore of Lake Erie-that it has the advantage in local trade;—not that the establishment of all or any of these propositions is necessary to prove the produc-tiveness of this line of road; for we hold that another road, equal, or nearly equal, in advantages, to either of the existing routes, would pay fair dividends on a reasonable cost, at once, with a certain prospect

Looking upon the map, it will be seen that the average distance between the Buffalo and Albany and the New York and Erie, is about 70 miles; between the Pennsylvania Central and Baltimore and Ohio, about the same; while a space is left between the New York and Erie and Pennsylvania Central, of about the centre of this space. Thus, when this line s completed, there will be five great thoroughfares from the Atlantic to the Lakes, in nearly parallel lines, with a space between each of about 70 milesdistance quite sufficient to afford an ample local business, while they are all competitors for the

through business. These bonds are in sums of \$1,000 each, and are : convertible into the stock of the company any time; before 1657. Twenty per cent of the purchase will be required upon the day of sale, and the remainder in monthly instalments of ten per cent. Capitalists will find this a good opportunity to mal ce sound, safe investment, and it should not be ne g-

lected. Two dollar bills on the Connecticut Central Bar ik. o ingeniously altered to fifties as to be likely to deceive in nine cases out of ten, are in circulation.

There has been an immense increase of busines son the Columbia Railroad, of Pennsylvania, since the first of December last, over the corresponding mc onthe ast year. This is a link in the main line of public works in Pennsylvania, and the treasury of that State has received large accessions from this additional

traffic.
Public Works of Pennsylvanja—Colembia Rails foad.
No of Core. Trips by Loc. Miles ru 57,600 45,920 Increase..... 5,307 11,680 533, January...... 12,192 552, 7,406 700 499 56,000 201 15.082

Thus showing the increase in the two morths of December and January last, over the corresponding period of the previous year, of-cars, 10,093; trips, 361; miles run, 26,762.

The last annual report of the Canal Commissioners of Pennsylvania shows a steady increase in revenue since 1842. The construction of new lines of travel has had no visible effect, of an unfavorable nature, upon the traffic operations of the State canals and railroads. It is true competition from those sources has compelled the commissioners to make very considerable reductions in the rates of toll, but the result has shown that a low tariff of tolks is the proper financial system to observe in the management of warks of internal improvement. The annexed exhibit of the gross amount of revenue derived from the public works of Pennsylvania, in each of the past ten years, justifies this conclusion :-

Public Works of Prinsylvania—Gross Spyrnuss.

1843. \$1,017.841 12 1848. \$1,523,344 60
1844. \$1,167,603 42 1849. \$1,623,277 72
1845. \$1,205,494 76 1850. \$1,768,209 46
1849. \$1,205,494 76 1851. \$1,758,624 82
1847. \$1,581,576 \$7, 1852. \$1,806,811 42

The net revenue in 1852 was \$867,470 19, which was nearly equal to the gross revenue in 1843-an increase in a period of less than ten years. The actual cost of the public works of Pennsylvania is \$20,768,307 34. The net income is, therefore, equal to 4 9-50 per cent on the cost of construction. The result, the commissioners say, compares favorably with any of the large works of internal improvements in Pennsylvania controlled and managed private companies, and inspires a confidence that the day is not far distant when all doubts as to these lines becoming a profitable investment, will be entirely remayed.

The annexed statement exhibits the quantity and value of merchandise exported from this port during he work ending, and including Saturday, February

12, 1853, distinguishing the destination and extent of shipments to each place:-COMMERCE OF THE PORT OF NEW YORK-WARRLY EXPORTS 
 Quant.
 LONDON.
 Quant.

 Flour, bbls.
 6,231
 37,806
 Staves, M...
 9

 Pot ashes.
 19
 240
 Coffee, bags
 150

 Beef.
 1cs
 23
 1,272

Pot ashes.... Beef, tes.... Total..... ...... Flour, bbls. 6,600
Naval stores 1,428
Pork. 203
Corn, bush. 5,754
Tobacco, hhds. 11
Beef. tes. 50
Clover seed. 61
do. bbls. 33
Mf.to. 2,972
Cheese. 116,026
Lard. 73,139
Whalebone. 2,016 2,133 Cottons ..... 10,356 Oars ..... 6,747 806 \$89,508 Flour, bbls. . . 450
Naval stores . 144
Beef, tes. . . 86
Flax seed . . 10
Leather, lbs . 26, 982
Lard . . . 82, 804
Cheese . . 2, 200 \$33.646 HAMBURG. Cotton, bales . 277 N. stores, bbls 25 the company..... 100,000 Shoe pegs ... 212 Pot ashes ... 16 Port wine csks 20 I. R. goods, cs. 71 1,153 Rhubarb.... 2,248 Tea, pkgs.... 205 Segars.... 2,049 Ivory nuts... 13,290 Bals'm tolu, cs 222 700 67 610 150 Cotton, bales.1,680 \$113,934 Manufactur'd Jew Il'rs'ash tobacco,lbs es, bbls... 50 13,460 Pl'ted w're os Chrome oil. 50 700 Beef, bbls... Ashes... 130 3.177 Lard oil... Rice, tierces. 327 9,608 l. R. goods, cs 4 Whb'ne, lbs.11,689 4.137 Chins... 4 Wax 14 884 Imp oil, gals.3,247 An'l black, cks 88 350 393 Total.... F'rnit're, pks 12 Cotton, bales 292 \$13,755 Sp. tarp... 25
Lard, lbs. 11,401 1,490 Lard ed... 2
Whalebone .16,746 7,063 Coffice, bags .2,388
N. stores bbls 107 310
Total... 23,750 \$47,107 \$40

\$84 N. stores, b54 1 1,500 5,000 Total..... Staves......1,500 Flour, bbls... 291 Corn, bush...6,636 \$6,624 5,000 Total.

#STRAILA.

\$68,675 Pertumery.cs. 2
1,663 Cothing 2
1,061 Pianoforte 1
653 Stoves 47
815 Hardware.pkgs 121
1,080 Hats, cases 38
2,250 Oats, bags 450
1,506 Woodware.pkgs 44
5,936 Soap, boxes. 440
6,829 Syrup. 4
400 Wagons. 5
65 Saddlery.cases 2
300 Iron safes 17
2,064 Pro isions.bbls 225
1,294 Furnitare.pkgs 44
351 Lumber. feet 4,000
131 Butter, lbs. 3,950
70 Gold wash'rs.pkg88
547 Pickled clams, ke 20
1,031 Flour, bbls. 19,790
Ship bread... 502
\*\* kegs 145
Cider, cases... 374
Candles, boxes 150
Chocolate... 200
Corn meal, bbls. 162
Lard, lbe... 7,959
Hams &bas... 28,304
Cheese... 14,858
Man.tobacce25,740
Dr. feriis rake 1 413. Dr.fruits.pkg 1,413 Ale, bbls.... 50 Champagne, cs. 5 Ale, bbls. 50 400 Wagons. 5 350 Champagne, ca. 5 65 Saddlery, cases 2 261 Sandy, galls 1,695 2,654 Pro islons, bbls 225 4 972 Port wine. 1,352 1,294 Furnitare, pkgs 44 2,306 Rum. 82 131 Butter, lbs. 8,950 2,018 Segars, M. 85 770 Gold wash'rs, pkg88 600 Total. \$129,610

\$270 Duck, bolts... 18 230 Books, cases... 3 609 Stationery... 7 653 Preserves... 14 2,278 Gongs... 7 76,045 Cottons... 5 39,071 Brandy... 5 39,071 Brandy... 5 370 Raisins, bexes 100 Syrup..... Hardware.... Hardware. 15
Drugs. 28
Machinery. 20
Domesties. 1,860
Ginseng,lbs 63,882
Butter. 2,467
Maf. tobacco 2,000
Flour, bbs. 53
Beef. 69

Flour, bols... 200
Ship bread... 22
Beef... 5
Potatoes... 8
Pickled fish... 170
Cod fish, ewt. 243
Domestics bis
Pansaces, bzs 6
Herring... 70
Hardware, cs 8 \$4,773 FORTO RICO.

\$260 Ref. sugar... 3,700
689 Rice, tierces... 109
630 Hoops, M. 52
443 Shooks... 90
Boards, feet. 35,000
2,650 Paper, reams. 200
320 Onions, pkgs... 122
816 Drugs... 3
1,616 Hardware... 41
90 Furniture... 44 Potatoss... 380 C. meal, bds... 35 S. bread, kegn. 180 ) Do... bbls... 25 Pork... 180 Beef... 42 P. fish, pkgs... 128 Candles, boxes 650 20 Furniture... 44 309 Cassis, mats... 200 1,952 Cloves, bags... 4 248 Lin. oil, gals... 480 780 Tobacco, hhds 2 1,561 Nails, kegs... 30 1,062 Cheese......8,188 Mft Tobacco 19,911 Total.... Mft: Tobacco, Ibs., 24,836

Flour, bbls. 2,232 Naval stores. 100 Corn Meal... 300 Ship bread... 390 Flour, bbls...
Naval stores...
Corn Meal...
Ship bread...
Do....kegs.
Beef, bbls... 206 Losthers. 4,265
1,630 Ref. Sugar. 2,136
714 Segars, cases. 4
248 Clocks. 7
2,375 Clething. 4
39 Hops, bales. 6
349 Rice, tierces. 17
644 Brandy, pipes. 24
462 Coal, tons. 115
286 Salarratus, kgs. 50 \$5,396 674 1,002 171 1,849 196 1,440 625 345 248 518 Flui I.... Pepper, bags., 100 Coffee, 20 \$32.304 #HSH WEST IMDRS.

\$482 Candles, boxes

60 Rice, tierces.

156 Paper, reams.
Peas, bushels.

71 Codish, cwt.

140 Tea, cases.

140 Shawls.

110 Ginger.

21 Brugs.

1,450 Lamps.

137 Books.

47 Trunks.

414 Furniture.

250 Hardware.

25 Cot. duck, ps.

75 Rope, colls. Perk
Ship bread
Do. kegs
Apples, bbls
Onions
Potatoes
Flour Mf. tobacco

Ref. sugar Oil, gallons Lard oil, bbls. Total \$12,977 120 100 1,717 5,252 25,000 380 4,558 6,927 150 Rice, therees. 312 1,246 Crapps, cases. 28 147 Lumber, ft. 28,000 150 Hoops, M., 148 477 Shooks, No. 4,406 384 Carriages. 1 430 Hardware, cs. 78 1,010 Tea, pkgs. 20 200 Pauer, reams 1 088 Ship bread... Do., kegs... Beans, bbls... pirits turp... Corn meal. Soap. 258 Lard, Ita., 39,200 Butter ...... ,5.770 Cheese ...... 86,87

24,117 \$021,265 

Excess of imports over exports in two weeks.\$6,415,860 This balance is rather formidable. It would not do to have this continue long at this rate. The unusually large imports and the unusually limited exports operate very unfavorably, and endanger our

supply of specie. The movements of trade, both reign and domestic, point to a change in the money market, and the change cannot be for the bette The indications are daily becoming stronger and stronger, that we shall have a stringent money mar ket throughout the month of March.

| Stook Exchanges | Stook | Stook | Exchanges | Stook | Exchanges | Stook | St

| SICOND | BOARD | SICOND | BOARD | SICOND | BOARD | SICOND | BOARD | SICOND | SICOND | BOARD | SICOND CITY TRADE REPORT.

Tursday, Feb. 15—6 P. M.
Ashrs.—Saibs have been made of 40 bbls., at \$4 62% a \$4 68% for pcts, and \$6 15 for pearls, per 100 lbs.

ASHES.—Salos have been made of 40 bbla, at \$4 62% a \$4 68% for pots, and \$6 15 for pearls, per 1001bs.

BREADSTUFES.—Flour was in very fair demand at the reduced prices queted in our last. The day's sales amounted to 12,000 bbls., sour, at \$4 50 a \$4 62%; superfine No. 2, at \$4 62% a \$4 75; ordinary to choice State, at \$4 87 % a \$5 12%; mixed to fancy Western, at \$5 12%; a \$5 43%; common to good Oble, at \$5 37% a \$5 501%; fancy Genesce and Oblo, at \$5 37% a \$5 501%; fancy Genesce and Oblo, at \$5 37% a \$5 501%; fancy Genesce and Oblo, at \$5 37% a \$5 501%; fancy Genesce and Oblo, at \$5 37%; a \$5 501%; fancy Genesce and Oblo, at \$5 575; favorite do., at \$5 75 a \$67 and fancy do., at \$2 25 a \$7 37%. The sales of corn meal reached 600 bbls.; at \$3 43% for Jersey, and \$3 75 for Bindyme, per bbl. Wheat was very quete and languid. Since our last report about 8,000 bushels. Southern white have been sold at \$1 25. Rys was offering at \$56., a at bariey at 70c. a 76c. per bushel, but neither article attracted much attention. Oats were unchanged. Corn semed active and firm. The sales comprised 20,000 bushels inferior to prime Southern white and yellow, at 60c. a 66c. per bushel?

Outrox.—The market is blocked; spinners are not buying; and shippers see no inducement offered by holders to make purchases at this time adviseable. It looks like the commencement of an era of single figures again. The rales were supposed to be about 500 bales.

COFEE.—The sales erabraced 3,100 bags Rio (by auction) at \$3 c. a 9 % c., average 9c.; 100 do. 9 % c., and 500 St. Domingo, (chiedy for export.) 8c. per lb.

FEB.—Sales of 2,500 quintals dry cod were made, for future delivery, at \$3 75—an improvement.

FREZHINS.—To Liverposi, \$000 bushels grain were engaged at 3c. \$6. To California, lumber ranged from \$60 to \$65 per thousand feet, and measurement goods from 5c. to 90c. To Australis, flour, by elippers, was at \$475 a \$6, and measurement goods at 80c. a 86c.

FRUT.—The transactions fineluded 1,300 boxes bunch alsins, at \$275; 20 cases circos,

on private terms.

Molasers.—About 225 hlids. Cardenas (new crop) found purchasers, in part at 213c, per gallon.

NAVAL STORM—Rosin was inactive. Holders of crude turpentine required \$5.25 per 280 lbs. Spirits turpen-

Molasses.—About 225 hhds. Cardeoas (new crop) found purchasers, in part at 21 jsq. per gallon.

NAVAL STORES.—Rosh was inactive. Holders of crude turpentine required \$5 25 per 280 lbs. Spirits turpentine was selling slowly, at 70 a 72c, per gallon.

OHE—We have only to notice sales of 3,000 gallons linseed, from store, at 75cc; and 8,000 do. to arrive, chiefly at 74c. per gallon, cash.

PROVISSOS.—Pork was held at \$15 50 for new prime, \$16 25 for old mess, and \$17 for new do., per barred, with a moderate local business. Drassed hogs and cut meats remained as last noticed. The sales of lard reached 500 bbls., at 10c. a 10 jsc. per 1b. Beef was in good request, and steady. The day's sales consisted of 200 bbls. country mess at \$9 75 a \$10 25; city do. at \$7 a \$7 25; country mess at \$9 75 a \$10 25; city do. at \$12 \$7 \frac{1}{2} \$3 \frac{1}{2} \$3 \frac{1}{2} \$4 \frac{1}{2} \$3 \frac{1}{2} \$4 \frac

house, No. 13 Banadway, near Mearls street, lot 37x110, \$59,750. REE —Sales of 150 tierces were effected at \$4 125% a

Rice—Sales of 100 herces dereched as \$4.25 per 100 lbs.

Soap.—There have been 50s boxes Castile sold in part at 10½ a 10½c, per lb.

Straks were more sought after. The day's operations reached 500 hhds. New Orleans, at 4½ a 4½c,; and 9,000 bags of Manila, at 5½c, per lb.

Tation was in demand, at 9½c, but held at 10 a 10½c, rer lb.

0 kc. per lb.
Tesacto seemed active and huoyant. Sales have been as as of 100 hhds. Kentucky at 5 kc. a 7 kc., and 200 bales at Perningo at 11c. a 15c. per lb.
Whiskey tended downwards. The sales consisted of 130 bbls., at 24 kc. a 24 kc. for Jersey, and 24 kc. a 24 kc. for

prison, per gallon.

Wints — This day's movements reached 50 quarter casks sweet Malaga, at 50c., and 100 do. Port, at \$1.20 a \$1.50 per gallon.
Secans-150,000 German changed hands at 38 per thou-